

Transition Newsletter

Feb 2024



RESOURCE TO CONSIDER

South Dakota Board of Regents Scholarship Portal

bit.ly/SDscholarshipportal



- 1. Don't wait for the last minute to apply for scholarships.
- 2. Don't let others do your work, the application needs to be an authentic portrait of you so do the work yourself.
- 3. If something sounds too good to be true, it probably is.
- 4. If an application asks for money, walk away.
- 5. Don't give out bank or credit card information. Any financial data you provide should come from IRS or FAFSA data.
- 6. Don't avoid a scholarship just because you have to write an essay.
- 7. Don't reuse essays without updating the information.
- 8. Don't count out small scholarships. They can add up quickly!
- 9. Don't get discouraged. There are \$50 billion in scholarships given out each year, there's an award for you!

This is informational only.

Financial Information for **Post-Secondary Schooling**

If you are thinking about college or university after high school, you will most likely need some financial aid. Once you start touring post-secondary schools, you will find out that it can be expensive! If you are planning to attend in the Fall 2024, you should begin the process of filling out a Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FASFA®) form as early as now. It's highly recommended that you fill it out as soon as you can to ensure that you don't miss out on available aid.

Changes to FAFSA Application Process

The 2024-25 Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA®) form was made available by Dec. 31, 2023—with some big changes for students and families. Some of those changes include:

- Both students and parents need to create an account on StudentAid.gov.
- The application is shorter and simpler, with direct transfer from the IRS.
- More students will qualify for Pell Grants.
- Families with multiple kids will no longer get a discount.
- Formula updates may change your financial aid eligibility.

What types of financial aid are available?

federal government or private lenders such as banks and/or credits unions. Federal loans are typically the first choice since usually it's lower interest rates and have more flexible repayment plans.

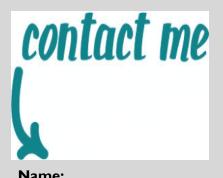
- ⇒ **Subsidized loans** based on financial need and if you qualify, interest is not charged before graduation or leaving school
- ⇒ Unsubsidized loans are NOT need-based and interest IS charged from the time you receive the money until it's paid in full.

Education loans—borrowed from the Grants and Scholarships—grants are typically based on financial need, while scholarships are because of academic and/or extracurricular merit.

> At times, there may be stipulations or payback requirements so make sure you ask questions to best understand any stipulations before vou accept them.

Work-Study Program— provides jobs (often on-campus) to students who demonstrated financial need vis FASFA. You can learn more from the school you are planning to attend.

For more information on the new FASFA changes and further guidance, visit: southdakota.mappingyourfuture.org or studentaid.gov. Many high schools also offer Financial Aid nights so talk to your guidance counselor to see if your school has one scheduled. You can also ask me about eligibility requirements for financial assistance through VR funding, so contact me and I'll explain how that might look for you!



Name:

Phone:

Email:



Post-Secondary To-Do List...

☑ SCHEDULE TOURS — Vocational colleges, universities, and 18-21 Transition Programs encourage tours from high school juniors and seniors to get a first hand glimpse of what the new environment will feel like. Many schools will have scheduled visit days or you can always schedule individual tours as well. If visiting vocational colleges and universities, be sure to ask/learn about:

- Disability Services—assists students with disabilities with full and equal access to all programs, classes, and activities.
- TRIO Services—support services (academic guidance, tutoring, and more) to help students achieve their academic goals.

Students must contact these offices to learn more about what's available and to see if they qualify for these services.

☑ APPLY FOR SCHOLARSHIPS — Reach out to your high school guidance counselor to learn about local scholarships that can help pay for post-secondary schools, if awarded. You can also look at the website posted on the first page of this newsletter for more scholarship opportunities and tips when applying for them. You can also go to: doe.sd.gov/scholarships/

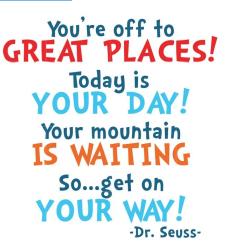
☑ ASK ABOUT DUAL-CREDIT CLASSES — Dual credits are available to SD high school students who meet admissions standards to enroll in public SD postsecondary institutions and simultaneously earn credits for both their high school diploma and postsecondary degree or certificate.

sdmylife.com/prepping-for-college/dual-credit

✓ STUDY EVERY DAY — There is no question that studying every day is going to help you succeed. If you are not already doing this in high school, start forming this habit now. It is a habit you will need to practice in college and it will certainly help you in high school.

bit.ly/improveyourstudyhabits

☑ CHALLENGE YOURSELF — The most satisfaction comes from goals that are hard to accomplish. Get in the habit of taking the more difficult classes or taking on difficult projects. There may be a time in college that you are required to take on something challenging. When that happens, you will already have the experience of testing yourself, and know you can succeed!



Catch the College Wave

Attend a one-day conference for high school students with disabilities considering post-secondary education. Learn how to secure appropriate accommodations, learn about available services and supports, and practice your self-advocacy skills. For more details about the events, go to: tslp.org/events

- 2/13/24 in Sioux Falls at Southeast Technical College
- 3/26/24 in Aberdeen at Northern State University
- 4/11/24 in Spearfish at Black Hills State University